ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

ASSA ABLOY SL500 ECODOOR MEDIUM STILE

ASSA ABLOY ENTRANCE SYSTEMS



The ASSA ABLOY EcoDoor medium stile automatic sliding door system is suitable for low traffic to high pedestrian traffic flow. The door system is available with a variety of configurations and features to help you meet your sustainability goals. Whether air infiltration reduction, energy consumption savings, improved customer comfort or compliance with energy codes such as ASHRAE 90.

ASSA ABLOY

ASSA ABLOY is committed to providing products and services that are environmentally sound throughout the entire production process and the product lifecycle. Our unconditional aim is to make sustainability a central part of our business philosophy and culture, but even more important is the job of integrating sustainability into our business strategy. The employment of EPDs will help architects, designers and LEED-APs select environmentally preferable door openings. ASSA ABLOY will continue our efforts to protect the environment and health of our customers/end users and will utilize the EPD as one means to document those efforts.





ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

ASSA ABLOY

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile According to EN 15804 and ISO 14025 Dual Recognition by UL Environment and Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.



PROGRAM OPERATOR	UL Environment
DECLARATION HOLDER	ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems US Inc
ULE DECLARATION NUMBER	4786545067.158.1
IBU DECLARATION NUMBER	EPD-ASA-20180086-IBC1-EN
DECLARED PRODUCT	ASSA ABLOY EcoDoor Medium Stile
REFERENCE PCR	PCR Automatic doors, automatic gates, and revolving door systems (door systems Version 1.5 (04.2017)
DATE OF ISSUE	June 22, 2018
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 years
SCOPE	This EPD is Manufacturer Declaration (1a) – Declaration of a specific product from a manufacturer's plant. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence.
	Product definition
	Information about basic material and the material's origin
CONTENTS OF THE	Description of the product's manufacture
DECLARATION	Indication of product processing
	Life cycle assessment results
	Testing results and verifications

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The PCR review was conducted by:	IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.
PCR was approved by the Independent Expert Committee (SRV)-	PCR was approved by the Independent Expert Committee-Dr. Wolfram Trinius appointed by SVA)
The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by Underwriters Laboratories	Grant R. Martin
☐ INTERNAL ☑ EXTERNAL	Grant R. Martin, UL Environment
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.

Environment





1. General Information

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems US Inc

Program holder

IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1

10178 Berlin Germany

Declaration number

EPD-ASA-20180086-IBC1-EN

This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:

IBU: PCR Automatic doors, automatic gates and revolving door systems (door systems) Version 1.5 (04.2017) (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee)

Issue date

22.06.2018

Valid to

21.06.2023

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr.-Ing. Burkhart Lehmannt (Managing Director IBU)

ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile

Owner of the Declaration

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems US Inc 1900 Airport Road Monroe, NC 28110 United States

Declared product / Declared unit

This declaration represents 1 automatic sliding door system ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile consisting of 2 active door leaves with frame height (79"/[2.0 m]), frame width (48"/[1.2 m]) and (1"/[25 mm]) insulated tempered glass and 2 stationary doors with frame height (83"/[2.1 m]), frame width (48"/[1.2 m]) and (1"/[25 mm]) insulated tempered glass.

Scope:

This declaration and its LCA study is relevant to the ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile. - The final assembly and production stage occurs in Monroe NC, USA at 1900 Airport Road. Components are sourced from international tier one suppliers. ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile sizes vary according to project requirements; The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Verification

The CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025

internally

x externally



Dr. Wolfram Trinius (Independent tester appointed by SVA)

2. Product

2.1 Product description

Product name: ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile.

Product characteristic: Automatic sliding door system.

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems EcoDoor sliding systems are suitable for low traffic to high pedestrian traffic flow. The sliding door systems are available in several configurations and designs, depending on application and facility requirements.

The system consists of a support structure, door leaves with foam glazed glass, automatic door operator and safety units.

Automatic sliding door systems are made mainly of aluminum, steel and glass. The main function of the medium stile door packages is to match the existing appearance of the building/storefront.

The ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile system can be provided with optional 25 mm glass stops to accept insulated glass.

The ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile has been designed to meet all operational and safety requirements in the American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) and Underwriters Laboratories (UL).



The standards that can be applied for ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile are:

ANSI/BHMA A156.10 Power Operated Pedestrian Doors

UL 325 ANSI/CAN/UL Standard for Door, Drapery, Gate, Louver, and Window Operators and Systems UL 60730 UL Standard for Safety Automatic Electrical Controls

NFPA 79 Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery AHSRAE 90.1 ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2016 -- Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings.

2.2 Application

The ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile is an automatic sliding door system suitable for high traffic use. It combines convenience, safety and dependability to maximize performance along its life cycle. The door system is designed to minimize unwanted air infiltration, improve the indoor climate and ensure safe and convenient entry and exit for all-regardless of age and physical capabilities.

The SL500 EcoDoor finds its use in outdoor applications in retail, transportation, healthcare, manufacturing, public sector, etc. where pedestrian safety is of high concern.

2.3 Technical Data

The table presents the technical properties of the SL500 EcoDoor medium stile:

Technical data

roominoar aata		
Name	Value	Unit
Heat transfer coefficient		W/(m ² K)
of the entire door or gate	0,69	
system		
Power input "Standby"	40	W
Power input "Idle"	40	W
Power input "Operation"	71	W

Features

Max size door leaf (bi-parting): (DW x DH) 1250 x 2100 mm (larger sizes available on request)

Clear opening: Bi-parting: SL500-2: 780-2000 mm Clear opening: Single Slide: SL500-R/L: 825 - 1050

Door leaf thickness: 48 mm

Door leaf material: glass and aluminum

Profile type: - aluminum

Profile finish: - Clear and Dark Bronze

- Painted finished available

Glass type: - 6.35, 16 or 25 mm tempered glass

Performance

Mains power supply: 100 V AC -10% to 240 V AC +10%, 50/60 Hz, fuse 10 AT (building installation)

Power consumption: Max 250 W Auxiliary voltage: 24 V DC, 1 A

On door package (as shown in the table) 'standby' means the door is operational and will open/close once someone enters the door; 'idle' means the door is locked but there is still power to the electronics and 'off' means the doors will not move automatically (can move doors manually) but there is still power to the electronics.

Opening/closing speed: SL500: Variable up to approx.

1.4 m/s (SL500-2) Hold open time: 0-60 s

Recommended max door weight: Bi-parting without

break-out: SL500-2: 200 kg/leaf

Recommended max door weight: Single Slide without

break-out: SL500-R/L 240 kg

For low energy movement: 150 kg/leaf

Ambient temperature: -20 °C to +50 °C

2.4 Delivery status

The ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile is delivered ready for installation.

2.5 Base materials / Ancillary materials

The composition for ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile is as following:

Component	Percentage in mass (%)
Aluminum	15.68
Plastics	0.76
Stainless Steel	0.00
Steel	55.29
Glass	27.33
Electronic	0.00
Electro-mechanics	0.86
Others	0.08
Total	100

2.6 Manufacture

Profiles are provided by Tier-1 supplier located in Fonda NY and are delivered to the factory in Monroe, NC USA. The profiles are machined. The products are surface treated; either anodized (externally), powder coated (externally) or Kynar (externally). Other parts as electronics, brackets, etc. arrives from tier-1 suppliers or a factory overseas then a basic assembly is done in Monroe. The door system components are encased in cardboard and forwarded to on-site installation.

2.7 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems US Inc. is committed to producing and distributing door opening solutions with minimal environmental impact, where health & safety is the primary focus for all employees and associates.

- Environmental operations, GHG, energy, water, waste, VOC, surface treatment and H&S are being routinely monitored. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and the effectiveness of Environment Management program is evaluated.
- Code of Conduct covers human rights, labor practices and decent work. The Management of ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems US Inc. is aware of their environmental roles and responsibilities, providing appropriate training, supporting accountability and recognizing outstanding performance.
- Preparation and manufacturing conditions in the factory of Monroe do not require special health and safety measures. Standard health and safety measures (work gloves, hearing protection, safety shoes, dust mask when sanding and milling, dust extraction, etc.) are observed where appropriate.
- Water and soil contamination does not occur and all production related waste is processed internally in the appropriate manner.



2.8 Product processing/Installation

The ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile are supplied ready for installation. The frame as well as the door leaves are assembled in factory and installed onsite by using simple tools including drills and hand tools. The installation is performed by certified installation technicians.

2.9 Packaging

Packaging exists for the purpose of protection during transportation. ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems sliding door systems are initially packaged in corrugated cardboard. The packaging does not return to the manufacturer meaning it stays at the site. All packaging is recyclable.

Material	Value (%)
Cardboard/ Paper	100
Total	100.0

2.10 Condition of use

Regular inspections shall be made according to national regulations and product documentation by an ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems trained and qualified technician. The number of service occasions should be in accordance with national requirements and product documentation. Service is recommended according to "Service Log Book".

Regular inspections and cleaning should be performed by the owner of the product, according to "Owner's Manual"

The best way to remove dust and dirt from the ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile is to use water and a soft cloth or a sponge. A gentle detergent may be used. To maintain the quality of the enamel layer, the surfaces should be cleaned once/four months period. The cleaning should be documented. To avoid damages to the profiles, the brushes/weather stripping must be vacuum-cleaned weekly.

- Do not expose windows, doors or profiles to alkalis. Both aluminum and glass are sensitive to alkalis.
- Do not clean with high pressure water. Operator, program selector and sensor may be damaged and water may enter the profiles.
- Do not use polishing detergent.
- Do not scrub with materials like Scotch-brite, as this will cause mechanical damage.

2.11 Environment and health during use

There is no harmful emissive potential. Minimal risk for personal injury if correctly configured and maintenance recommendations applied-

2.12 Reference service life

The product has a reference service life of more than 1,000,000 cycles and 10 years of standard daily use (with the recommended maintenance and service program). For this EPD, lifetime of 10 years was considered.

2.13 Extraordinary effects

Fire

No standardized test has been conducted. The product wall surfaces however consist of a large amount of aluminum and glass which does not add to the spread of fire."

In case of fire, the product does not contribute to spread of fire and there is no harmful potential for environment and health.

Water

Contains no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood. Electric operation of the device will be influenced negative.

Mechanical destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

2.14 Reuse stage

The product is possible to re-use during the reference service life and be moved from one entrance to another. The majority, by weight, of components is steel, glass and aluminium which can be recycled.

2.15 Disposal

The product contains mostly steel, glass and aluminum which are all possible to recycle. Where no waste recycling technologies are available, the product can be placed in a landfill site.

2.16 Further information

ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems US Inc 1900 Airport Road Monroe, NC 28110 United States www.assaabloyentrance.com



3. LCA: Calculation rules

3.1 Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece 1 automatic sliding door system ASSA ABLOY SL500 EcoDoor medium stile as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD for PCR Automatic doors, automatic gates, and revolving door systems (door systems).

A door system with 2 active door leaves with frame height 2.0 m and frame width 1.2 m and foam and with 25 mm clear insulated tempered glass together with 2 stationary doors with frame height 2.1 m and frame width 1.2 m and foam and with 25 mm clear insulated tempered glass together is used in this declaration.

Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Mass (without packaging)	383.57	kg
Mass packaging (paper and plastics)	8.25	kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0026	-
Declared unit for sliding door systems (dimensions acc. to this PCR)	1	piece

3.2 System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with Options The following life cycle stages were considered:

Production stage:

- A1 Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 Manufacturing

Construction stage:

- A4 Transport from the gate to the site
- A5 Packaging waste processing

Use stage related to the operation of the building includes:

• B6 – Operational energy use

C1-C4 End-of-life stage:

- C2 Transport to waste processing,
- C3 Waste processing for recycling and
- C4 Disposal (landfill, waste for incineration).

This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

Module D:

Declaration of all benefits and loads

3.3 Estimates and assumptions

<u>Transportation:</u> Data on mode of transport and distances, as reported by suppliers were used for those materials and parts contributing more than 2% of total product mass. In case of unknown transport distances for parts and materials, contributing less than 2% to the total product mass, transport by road over an average distance of 500 km was assumed.

Use stage:

For the use stage, it is assumed that the sliding door is used in the US, thus a US electricity grid mix is considered within this stage. According to the most representative scenario, the operating hours of the product are accounted for 2130 hours in on mode, 2130 hours in standby mode and 4260 hours in idle mode per year; the power consumption throughout the whole life-cycle is 4068 kWh.

EoL:

In the End-of-Life stage, for all the materials which can be recycled, a recycling scenario with 100% collection rate was assumed. The country where EoL takes place is the US. Furthermore, a transport distance by truck of 100 km has been assumed in the model.

3.4 Cut-off criteria

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1% of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1% in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts.

Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment.

3.5 Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 6 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by thinkstep AG, is used /GaBi 6 2013/. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation /GaBi 6 2013D/. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

3.6 Data quality

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the /IBU PCR Part $_{\rm A}$

thinkstep performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used.

The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs.

All relevant background datasets are taken from the GaBi 6 software database.

3.7 Period under review

The period under review is 2015/16 (12-month average).

3.8 Allocation

Regarding incineration, the software model for the waste incineration plant (WIP) is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the



combusted material. In this EPD, the following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered for:

- Waste incineration of plastic
- Waste incineration of paper (packaging)

Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status. Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the GaBi dataset documentation.

3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. GaBi 6 serves as background database for the calculation.



4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

Incineration of plastic parts	2.91	kg
Recycling Aluminum, brass, steel, electro-mechanics	275.53	kg

Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit	
Truck transport			
Litres of fuel diesel with maximum load (27t payload)	39.4	l/100km	
Transport distance truck	1042	km	
Capacity utilization (incl. empty runs) of truck	85	%	

Installation into the building (A5)

mistaliation into the ballang (Ao)		
Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Paper packaging)	8.25	kg
Output substances following waste treatment on site (Plastics packaging)	0.00	kg

Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life	10	а

Operational energy use (B6)

Operational energy use (Do)		
Name	Value	Unit
Electricity consumption per RSL (10years, 365 days per year)	4068	kWh
Hours per day in on mode	6	h
Hours per day in stand-by mode	6	h
Hours per day in idle mode	12	h
Power consumption – on mode	71	W
Power consumption – stand-by mode	40	W
Power consumption – idle mode	40	W

^{*}Total energy consumed during the whole product life was calculated using following formula:

(W_active_mode*h_active_mode+W_idle_mode*h_idl e_mode+W_stand_by_mode*h_stand_by_mode)*Life_ span*days_year*0.001

Where:

- W_active_mode Energy consumption in active mode in W
- h_active_mode Operation time in active mode in hours
- W_idle_mode Energy consumption in idle mode in W
- h_idle_mode Operation time in idle mode in hours
- W_stand_by_mode Energy consumption in stand-by mode in W
- h_stand_by_mode Operation time in stand-by mode in hours
- Life_span Reference service life of product
- days_year Operation days per year
- 0.001 Conversion factor from Wh to kWh.

End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Aluminum, brass, steel, electro mechanics and plastic	278.43	kg
parts		_

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type (including packaging)	286.68	kg
Recycling Aluminium	20.98	%
Recycling Steel	73.97	%
Recycling Brass	0.0003	%
Recyling Electro mechanics	1.15	%
Incineration of Plastic parts	1.02	%
Incineration of packaging (paper) (from A5)	2.88	%



5. LCA: Results

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2000 – Apr. 2013 Methodology.

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AP		Acidification	n potential c	flood	[kg SO ₂		7,38E+0	0 8,9	7E-02	2,6	6E-03	9,23	E+00	8,43	3E-03	3,21E-03	3 1,1	5E-02	-4,66E+00
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POC	Р	tropos	tion potential spheric ozone	е	[kg Eth	nen	6,34E-01	1 -2,8	39E-02	1,8	9E-04	5,65	E-01	-2,72	2E-03	1,91E-04	9,8	3E-04	-3,80E-01
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6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D).

The production stage (modules A1-A3) contributes between 34% and 69% to the overall results for all the environmental impact assessment categories hereby considered, except for the abiotic depletion potential (ADPE), for which the contribution from the production stage accounts for approx. 98% - this impact category describes the reduction of the global amount of nonfossil resources, therefore, as expected, it is mainly related with the extraction of raw materials (A1).

Within the production stage, the main contribution for all the impact categories is the production of steel and aluminum mainly due to the energy consumption on these processes. These two materials account with approx. 71% to the overall mass of the product,

therefore, the impacts are in line with the mass composition of the product. The environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

To reflect the use stage (module B6), the energy consumption was included and it has a major contribution for all the impact assessment categories considered - between 31% and 65%, with the exception of ADPE (2%). This is a result of 6 hours of operation in standby mode, 6 hours in on mode, 12 hours in idle mode and per 355 days in a year.

In the end-of-life stage, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable in this EPD.



8. References

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EN 15804

EN 15804:2012-04: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

GaBi 6 2013

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GaBi 6 2013D

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ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

ANSI/BHMA A156.10

Power Operated Pedestrian Doors

UL 325 ANSI/CAN/UL

Standard for Door, Drapery, Gate, Louver, and Window Operators and Systems

UL 60730 UL

Standard for Safety Automatic Electrical Controls

NFPA 79

Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery

AHSRAE 90.1 ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2016

Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings

2012/19/EU

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (WEEE Directive)

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.	Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin Germany	Tel Fax Mail Web	+49 (0)30 3087748-0 +49 (0)30 3087748-29 info@bau-umwelt.com www.ibu-epd.com
Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.	Program holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Panoramastr 1 10178 Berlin Germany	Tel Fax Mail Web	+49 (0)30 3087748-0 +49 (0)30 3087748-29 info@bau-umwelt.com www.ibu-epd.com
thinkstep	Author of the Life Cycle Assessment thinkstep AG Hauptstraße 111-113 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen Germany	Tel Fax Mail Web	+49 (0)711 341817-0 +49 (0)711 341817-25 info@thinkstep.com www.thinkstep.com
ASSA ABLOY	Owner of the Declaration ASSA ABLOY Entrance Systems 1900 Airport Road Monroe, NC 28110 USA	Tel: Fax: Mail:s Web	1-877-SPEC-123 / 1-877-773- 2123 1-704-290-5555 specdesk.na.entrance@assaabloy.com www.assaabloyentrance.us
			

Annex

Resul	lts sh	own be	low we	ere cal	culated	d using	TRAC	н Ме	ethodolo	gy.							
DESC	CRIP	ΓΙΟΝ Ο	F THE	SYST	EM B	OUND	ARY (X = I	NCLUD	ED IN	LC/	A; MND	= MOD	ULE N	OT D		
PROI	OUCT	STAGE	CONSTRUCTI ON PROCESS STAGE USE STAGE EN						END OF L	IFE STA	GE	BEY(EFITS AND OADS OND THE YSTEM INDARYS				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement ¹⁾	Refurbishment ¹⁾	Operational energy use	Operational water	use De-construction	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal		Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В	7 C1	C2	C3	C4		D
Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	MND	MND	MND	MNI	D MND	Х	MN	D MN	D X	Х	Х		X
RESU											auto		liding do				
Paran			Paramet			Unit	A1 - A		A4 1,96E+01	A5 1,17E+	01 2	B6 ,73E+03	C2	C3) 6,81E-		C4	D -9,22E+02
GW	VP			potential tial of the	[kg C	O ₂ -Eq.]	, 2,28E		9,98E-11	5,68E-		,73E+03 ,01E-06	9,38E-12			4E+00	2,92E-07
OD	P	-	-	one layer	[kg CF	C11-Eq.	.] 2,285	-06	9,90E-11	5,08⊑-	'' '	,01E-06	9,36E-12			46-11	2,926-07
Al	Р	Acidificati	-		d [kg S	SO ₂ -Eq.]	7,28E-	+00	1,17E-01	3,23E-	03 8	,63E+00	1,10E-02	3,04E-	-03 1,2	9E-02	-4,46E+00
El	P	and water Eutrophication potential			[kg	N-eq.]	3,36E	-01	8,28E-03	1,86E-	04 4	,24E-01	7,78E-04 1,29E-04		-04 9,8	4E-04	-1,55E-01
Sm	iog	Ground-level smog formation potential			l [kg	O ₃ -eq.]	8,86E-	+01 2	2,41E+00	7,53E-02		,35E+01	E+01 2,27E-01		-02 2,3	0E-01	-4,74E+01
Resou	urces	Resou	rces – re fossil		1	[MJ]	1,20E-	+03	3,89E+01	3,84E-	01 1	,86E+03	3,66E+00	5,51E	-01 2,82	2E+00	-4,32E+02
RESU	JLTS	OF TH		A - RES	SOUR	CE US	E: One	e pie	ce autoi	matic s	slidin	a door					
Paran			Parar			Unit		- A3	A4	A5		В6	C2	СЗ		C4	D
				iictci		Oilit	7.	70	,	73							
PEI	RE	Renew	able prir	mary ene	rgy as	[MJ]		E+03		-		-	-	-		-	-
		Rene	able prir energy wable p	mary ene carrier rimary er	nergy		3,32		-	-		-	_			-	
PEI	RM	Rene resource Total us	rable pring energy wable pringer wable pringer was make as make of ren	mary ener carrier rimary er aterial uti	nergy lization orimary	[MJ]	0,00	E+03 E+00	-	-			-	-	-00 1,96		-
PEF	RT	Rene resource Total us	energy wable pringer as makes	mary ener carrier rimary er aterial uti newable p esources orimary e	nergy lization orimary	[MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32	E+03 E+00	- - 1,07E+01	-			-	-	00 1,96		-
PEI PEI	RM RT IRE	Rene resource Total us e Non-rene	energy remarks a series of remembers as maken as maken as maken as maken as as maken as	mary ener carrier rimary er aterial utinewable pesources orimary er carrier orimary er	nergy lization primary nergy as	[W1] [W1] [W1] [W1] [W1]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90	E+03 E+00 E+03	- 1,07E+01	-		,08E+03	-	-	00 1,96		-
PEI PEI PEN	RM RT IRE	Rene resource Total us e Non-rene Non-rene n Total	energy wable pringer as makes of renergy received by energy ewable penaterial use of n	mary energy carrier rimary er aterial utilinewable presources or carrier or c	nergy lization orimary nergy as nergy as	[W1] [W1] [W1] [W1]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00	E+03 E+03 E+04 E+00	- 1,07E+01 -	- 3,05E	-01 3	,08E+03 - -	-	- 2,21E+ -		6E+00 - -	-
PEI PEN PEN	RM RT IRE IRM	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima	energy wable pringer as as makes of renergy rewable penergy ewable penergy ewable penergial use of nary energy	mary ener carrier rimary er aterial utinewable pesources or carrier or imary enutilization	nergy lization orimary nergy as nergy as vable rces	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00	E+03 E+00 E+03 E+04 E+00	- 1,07E+01 - - 2,71E+02	3,05E	-01 3 +00 3	- - - - -,99E+04	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01	- - - - - - 1,21E+	01 2E	6E+00 - - E+01	- -2,39E+03 -
PEI PEN PEN	RM RT JRE JRM JRT	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima Use o	wable pring energy wable press as make of renergy rewable preservable protection and the control of the control	mary ener carrier rimary er aterial utilewable pesources orimary er carrier orimary eu utilization on-renew gy resou	nergy lization primary nergy as nergy as vable rces erial	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90	E+03 E+00 E+03 E+04 E+00 E+04	- 1,07E+01 - - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00	- 3,05E 2 3,84E- 0 0,00E-	-01 3 +00 3 +00 0	- - - -,99E+04	1,00E+00 - - 2,55E+01	- - - 2,21E+ - - 1,21E+	01 2E	6E+00 - - E+01 0E+00	-2,39E+03 -2,
PEF PEN PEN PEN SF	RT IRE IRM IRT M	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima Use of	eable pring energy wable present as a masse of renergy resemble properties and the control of th	mary ener carrier rimary er aterial utilizewable pesources or carrier or carrier on-renev gy resouldary material energy e	nergy lization primary nergy as nergy as vable rces erial	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00	E+03 E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+01	- 1,07E+01 - - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00	3,05E - 2 3,84E- 0 0,00E-	+00 G	- - -,99E+04 -,00E+00	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+07 0,00E+00	- - - - - 1,21E+ - - 0,00E+	01 2E	E+01 0E+00 0E+00	-2,39E+03 - - -1,01E+04 0,00E+00
PEI PEN PEN SI RS	RM RT IRE IRM IRT M SF	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene Total prima Use of re Use of n	eable pring energy wable press as make see of renergy rewable properties and the properties and the properties are properties are properties and the properties are properti	mary energy ener	nergy lization orimary nergy as nergy as vable rces erial ary fuels	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 0,00	E+03 E+03 E+04 E+00 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+00	- 1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00	3,05E - - 2 3,84E- 0 0,00E- 0 0,00E-	+00 G +00 C	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00	E+01 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00	-2,39E+03 - -1,01E+04 0,00E+00 0,00E+00
PEI PEN PEN PEN RS	RM RT IRE IRM IRT M SF SF	Rene resource Total us Non-rene n Total prima Use of Use of n Use	energy wable present of second or renewable present of net or net of net	mary energy carrier rimary er aterial utilization personal responsibility of the control of the carrier primary endition on renew gy resoundary material expension on the control of the carrier primary endition on the carrier primary endition of the carri	nergy lization primary nergy as nergy as vable rces erial ary fuels condary	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 0,00 1,03	E+03 E+00 E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+00	- 1,07E+01 - - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03	3,05E	+00 3 +00 0 +00 0 -02 1	,08E+03 - - ,99E+04 ,00E+00 ,00E+00 ,00E+00	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00	1,21E+ 1,00E+ 1,00E+ 1,00E+ 1,00E+ 1,00E+ 1,00E+	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4	E+01 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00	-2,39E+03 -2,39E+03 - -1,01E+04 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 -6,72E+00
PEI PEN PEN PEN RS	RM RT IRE IRM IRT M SF SF W	Rene resource Total us Non-rene n Total prima Use of Use of n Use	wable pring wable present a manage of renergy rewable present a manage of the manage o	mary energy carrier rimary er aterial utilization personal responsibility of the control of the carrier primary endition on renew gy resoundary material expension on the control of the carrier primary endition on the carrier primary endition of the carri	nergy lization primary nergy as nergy as nergy nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as n	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 0,00 1,03	E+03 E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+00 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+01 A1	1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03 ASTE C	3,05E	-01 3 3 ++00 3 3 ++00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-,08E+03 -,99E+04 -,00E+00 -,00E+00 -,40E+01	1,00E+00 1,00E+00 2,55E+07 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 1,00E+00 7,07E-04	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 1,000E+ 0,00E+ 5,47E- 2,000E+ 1,21E+	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli	E+01 0E+00 0E+00 0E+00 0E+02 ding (
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS	RRM RT RT RRM IRT W SF SF W UITS	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima Use of Use of re Use of n	wable pringer and the pringer	mary energy carrier raterial utilities wable pesources or imary energy carrier or imary energy resoundary material utilization con-renew gy resoundary materials are second wable seels fresh wa	nergy lization orimary as the regy as the regy as the result of the resu	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 0,00 1,03	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+00 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+00 E+01 A1 4,10	1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03 ASTE C -A3 6E-01 6,18	3,05E - 3,05E - 3,05E - 3,84E- 0,0,00E- 0,000E- 3,40E ATEG A4 BBE-04 2	-01 3 3 ++00 3 ++00 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,08E+03 - - ,99E+04 ,00E+00 ,00E+00 ,40E+01 ES: On B6	1,00E+00 - 2,55E+04 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 1e piece 6 C2 -02 5,81E	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 1,000E+ 1,21E+ 1,000E+ 1,21E+	00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	E+01 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 C4 25E-03	-2,39E+03 -2,39E+04 -1,01E+04 -1,01E+04 -6,70E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+00
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS NR: FV RESU Param HW NHV	RRM RT RT RIPE RIPE RIPE RIPE RIPE RIPE RIPE RIPE	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima Use of Use of n Use OF TH	energy wable present of second or net to the control of second	mary energy carrier in mary energy en	nergy lization primary nergy as nergy as nergy nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as nergy as n	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 0,00 1,03 VS ANII Unit	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+00 E+01 A1 A,10	1,07E+01 - 1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03 ASTE C 1-A3 6E-01 6,18 0E+02 3,4	3,05E - 3,05E - 3,05E - 3,84E - 0,0,00E 0,000E 3,40E ATEG A4 BE-04 2 1E-02 2	-01 3 3 +00 3 +00 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,08E+03 - ,99E+04 ,00E+00 ,00E+00 ,00E+00 ,40E+01 ES: On	1,00E+00 - 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 1e piece 5	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 0,00E+ 0,00E+ 5,47E- 2utoma 5 C -05 1,68 -03 3,91	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli 3 E-03 1,	E+01 E+01 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+02 C4 25E-03	
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS NR: FV RESU Param HW NHV RW	RRM RT IRE IRM IRT M SF SF W JLTS neter I/D I/D	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima Use of Use of re Use of n Use of n Non-rene Non-rene	wable pringer and the pringer	mary energy carrier rimary energy ene	nergy lization orimary an ergy as a nergy as	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 0,00 1,03 /S ANI Unit [kg]	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+01 0 E+01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,07E+01 - 1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03 ASTE C 1-A3 6E-01 6,18 0E+02 3,4	3,05E	-01 3 +00 0 0 +00 0 ORII A5 64E-(-,24E-(-,24E-(-)2	,08E+03,99E+04 ,00E+00 ,00E+00 ,00E+01 ES: On B6 04 3,11E 01 1,27E	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 1e piece 5 C2 -02 5,81E +01 3,21E	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 1,00,00E+ 1,00,00E+ 5,47E- 2,47E- 3,47E- 3,4	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli 3 E-03 1,6 E-03 5,	E+01 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 OE+00 OE+00	
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS NR: FV R=SI Param HW NHV RW CR	RRM RT RT RT RM RT W RT W RF SF W ULTS Reter V D V D U	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene n Total prima Use of Use of re Use of n Use OF TH	energy rewable penergy rewable	mary energy carrier rimary er aterial util newable pesources primary er carrier rimary er carrier primary er carrier primary er carrier primary en utilization renewagy resoundary material er second wable se els fresh warameter s waste cous waste cous waste	nergy lization primary as nergy as nerg	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 1,03 (S ANI (kg) [kg]	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+000 E+01 D W/ A1 4,10 9,88	1,07E+01 - 1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03 ASTE C 1-A3 6E-01 6,18 0E+00 0,00	3,05E	-01 3 3 +00 0 0 +00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,08E+03 - ,99E+04 - ,00E+00 - ,00E+00 ,00E+01 - ES: On 1,27E 04 3,11E 04 3,28E	1,00E+00 - 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 10 piece 3	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 0,00E+ 0,00E+ 5,47E- 201 1,68 03 3,91 -05 1,75 +00 0,000	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli 3 E-03 1, E-03 5, E+00 0,0	E+01 E+01 DE+00	-2,39E+03 -1,01E+04 -1,01E+04 -1,00E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+01 -5,23E-01 -1,58E-01 -1,58E-01 -1,58E-01 -1,58E-01 -1,58E-01 -1,58E-01
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS NR: FV RESU Param HW NHV RW CR	RRM RT IRE IRM IRT M SF SF V V U R	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene Total prima Use of Use of re Use of n Ha Non- Ra	wable printered and a second an	mary energy carrier rimary energy ene	nergy lization primary as nergy fuels condary fuels condary ter TPUT lisposed disposed re-use yeling	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 0,00 1,03 VS ANI Unit [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg]	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04	1,07E+01 - 1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 0,00E+00	3,05E - 3,05E - 3,05E - 3,05E - 0,000E 0,000E 3,40E ATEG A4 BE-04 2 1E-02 2 5E-04 2 0E+00 0,00E	-01 3 +00 0 +00 0 0 -02 1 0 ORII A5 ,64E-(-00E+-00E+-00E+-00E+-00E+-00E+-00E+-0	,08E+03,99E+04 -,00E+00 -,00E+00 -,40E+01	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 1e piece 5 C2 -02 5,81E +01 3,21E +00 3,34E +00 0,00E	2,21E+ 1,21E+ - 1,21E+ 0,0,00E+ 0,00E+ 5,47E- 2 2 3,91 -05 1,68 -03 3,91 -05 1,75 +00 0,001 +00 3,791	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli 3 E-03 1, E-03 5, E+00 0,0 E+02 0,0	E+01 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 DE+00 OE+00 OE+00 OOE+00 OOE+00 OOE+00 OOE+00	
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS NR: FV RESU Param HW NHV RW CR MF	RRM RT RT RT RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene Total prima Use of Use of re Use of n Use Mon-rene An	energy researched by a company of the company of th	mary energy mary energy mary energy mary energy mary energy esources primary energy carrier primary energy mary en	nergy lization primary an ergy as a nergy fuels ary fuels condary ter and a nergy as a nergy fuels ary fuels condary ter and a nergy as a nergy fuels are a nergy fuels.	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 4,91 0,00 1,03 VS ANI [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg]	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+000 E+01 1,000 0,000 0,000	1,07E+01 - 2,71E+02 - 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 1,52E-03 ASTE C 1-A3 6E-01 6,18 6E-01 3,58 6E-01 3,58 6E-01 3,58 6E-01 0,00 0E+00 0,00 0E+00 0,00	3,05E - 3,05E - 3,05E - 3,84E - 0,000E 0,000E 3,40E ATEG A4 BE-04 2 5E-04 2 5E-04 2 5E-04 2 0E+00 0,00E+00 8,00E+00 0,00E+00 0,00	-01 3 3 +00 0 0 +00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,08E+03 - ,99E+04 ,00E+00 ,00E+00 ,00E+01 ,40E+01 ES: On 1,27E 04 3,28E 00 0,00E 00 0,00E	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 - 0,00E+00	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 1,000E+ 1,000E+ 1,000E+ 1,68 1,75 1,68 1,75 1,000 1,75 1,000 1,75 1,000 1,75 1,75 1,75 1,75 1,75 1,75 1,75 1,75	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli 3 E-03 1,0 E-03 5, E+00 0,0 E+02 0,0	E+01 DE+00	-2,39E+03 -1,01E+04 -1,01E+04 -1,00E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+00 -6,72E+01 -5,23E-01 -5,23E-0100
PEI PEN PEN PEN SI RS NR: FV RESU Param HW NHV RW CR	RRM RT RT RT RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE RIFE	Rene resource Total us Non-rene Non-rene Total prima Use of Use of re Use of n Use Mon-rene An	energy researched by a company of the company of th	mary energy carrier rimary energy ene	nergy lization primary an ergy as a nergy fuels ary fuels condary ter and a nergy as a nergy fuels ary fuels condary ter and a nergy as a nergy fuels are a nergy fuels.	[MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ] [MJ]	3,32 0,00 3,32 1,90 0,00 1,90 0,00 1,03 VS ANI Unit [kg] [kg] [kg] [kg]	E+03 E+04 E+04 E+01 E+00 E+01 1,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	1,07E+01 1,07E+01 1,07E+01 2,71E+02 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,52E-03 ASTE C 1-A3 6E-01 6,18 0E+02 3,4 5E-01 3,58 0E+00 0,00 0E+00 0,00 0E+00 0,00 0E+00 0,00 0E+00 0,00 0E+00 0,00	3,05E	-01 3 3 +00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,08E+03 - ,99E+04 - ,00E+00 - ,00E+00 - ,00E+01 - 1,27E 04 3,11E 04 3,28E 00 0,00E 00 0,00E 00 0,00E	- 1,00E+00 - 2,55E+01 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 7,07E-04 1e piece 5 C2 -02 5,81E +01 3,21E +00 3,34E +00 0,00E	1,21E+ 1,21E+ 0,00E+ 0,00E+ 5,47E- 2	01 2E 00 0,00 00 0,00 00 0,00 03 -5,4 atic sli 3 E-03 1,6 E-03 5, E+00 0,6 E+00 0,1 E+00 1,5	5E+00 E+01 0E+00 0E+00 0E+00 09E-02 ding of C4 25E-03 09E+02 30E-04 00E+00 00E+00 00E+00 00E+00	